\$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2002, and such sums as may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003 through 2006.

(June 25, 1938, ch. 675, \$909, as added Pub. L. 107-188, title III, \$311, June 12, 2002, 116 Stat. 673.)

§ 399a. Office of the Chief Scientist

(a) Establishment; appointment

The Secretary shall establish within the Office of the Commissioner an office to be known as the Office of the Chief Scientist. The Secretary shall appoint a Chief Scientist to lead such Office

(b) Duties of the Office

The Office of the Chief Scientist shall-

- (1) oversee, coordinate, and ensure quality and regulatory focus of the intramural research programs of the Food and Drug Administration;
- (2) track and, to the extent necessary, coordinate intramural research awards made by each center of the Administration or science-based office within the Office of the Commissioner, and ensure that there is no duplication of research efforts supported by the Reagan-Udall Foundation for the Food and Drug Administration:
- (3) develop and advocate for a budget to support intramural research;
- (4) develop a peer review process by which intramural research can be evaluated;
- (5) identify and solicit intramural research proposals from across the Food and Drug Administration through an advisory board composed of employees of the Administration that shall include—
 - (A) representatives of each of the centers and the science-based offices within the Office of the Commissioner; and
 - (B) experts on trial design, epidemiology, demographics, pharmacovigilance, basic science, and public health; and
- (6) develop postmarket safety performance measures that are as measurable and rigorous as the ones already developed for premarket review.

(June 25, 1938, ch. 675, \$910, as added Pub. L. 110-85, title VI, \$602, Sept. 27, 2007, 121 Stat. 898.)

CHAPTER 10—POULTRY AND POULTRY PRODUCTS INSPECTION

Sec.	
451.	Congressional statement of findings.
452.	Congressional declaration of policy.
453.	Definitions.
454.	Federal and State cooperation in develop- ment and administration of State poultry product inspection programs.
455.	Inspection in official establishments.
456.	Operation of premises, facilities and equipment.
457.	Labeling and container standards.
458.	Prohibited acts.
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tion.
461. Offenses and punishment.

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462. Reporting of violations; notice; opportunity to present views.

Miscellaneous activities subject to regula-

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464. Exemptions.

465. Limitations upon entry of poultry products and other materials into official establishments.

466. Imports.

467. Inspection services.

467a. Administrative detention; duration; pending judicial proceedings; notification of government authorities; release; removal of official marks.

467b. Seizure and condemnation.

467c. Federal court jurisdiction of enforcement and injunction proceedings and other kinds of cases; limitations; United States as plaintiff; subpenas.

467d. Administration and enforcement; applicability of penalty provisions; conduct of inquiries; power and jurisdiction of courts.

467e. Non-Federal jurisdiction of federally regulated matters; prohibition of additional or different requirements for establishments with inspection services and as to marking, labeling, packaging, and ingredients; recordkeeping and related requirements; concurrent jurisdiction over distribution for human food purposes of adulterated or misbranded and imported articles; other matters.

467f. Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act applications.

468. Cost of inspection; overtime.469. Authorization of appropriations.

470 Omitted

471. Safe Meat and Poultry Inspection Panel.

§ 451. Congressional statement of findings

Poultry and poultry products are an important source of the Nation's total supply of food. They are consumed throughout the Nation and the major portion thereof moves in interstate or foreign commerce. It is essential in the public interest that the health and welfare of consumers be protected by assuring that poultry products distributed to them are wholesome, not adulterated, and properly marked, labeled, and packaged. Unwholesome, adulterated, or misbranded poultry products impair the effective regulation of poultry products in interstate or foreign commerce, are injurious to the public welfare, destroy markets for wholesome, not adulterated, and properly labeled and packaged poultry products, and result in sundry losses to poultry producers and processors of poultry and poultry products, as well as injury to consumers. It is hereby found that all articles and poultry which are regulated under this chapter are either in interstate or foreign commerce or substantially affect such commerce, and that regulation by the Secretary of Agriculture and cooperation by the States and other jurisdictions as contemplated by this chapter are appropriate to prevent and eliminate burdens upon such commerce, to effectively regulate such commerce, and to protect the health and welfare of consumers.

(Pub. L. 85–172, §2, Aug. 28, 1957, 71 Stat. 441; Pub. L. 90–492, §2, Aug. 18, 1968, 82 Stat. 791.)

AMENDMENTS

1968—Pub. L. 90-492 inserted provisions stating it to be necessary that the health and welfare of consumers be protected by assuring that poultry products distributed to them are wholesome, not adulterated, and prop-